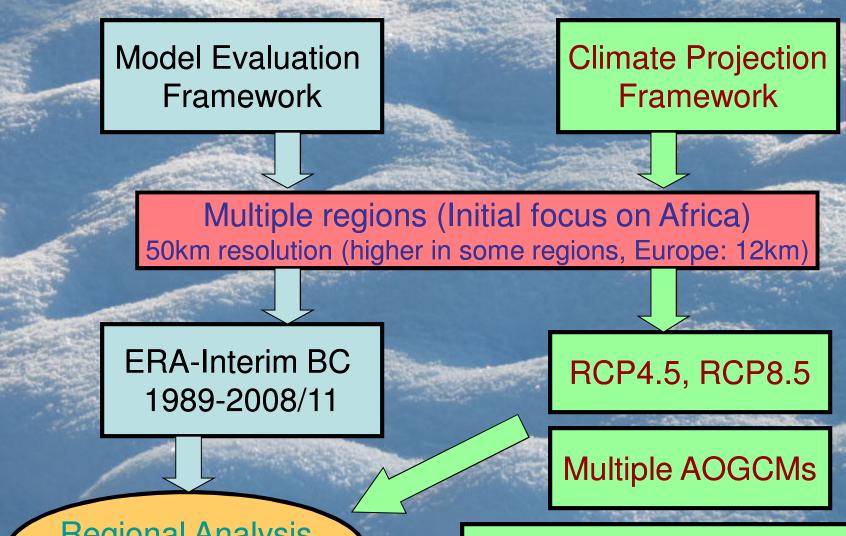
CORDEX Phase I experiment design



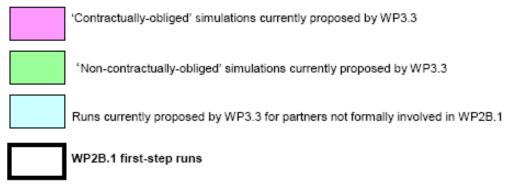
Regional Analysis
Regional Databanks

Projections 1951-2100 + timeslices
Decadal hindcasts & predictions

Collaboration allows for an increased number of common RCM projections to be available to all groups, helping to better understand and quantify uncertainty of future climate conditions: Ensembles/PRUDENCE projects.

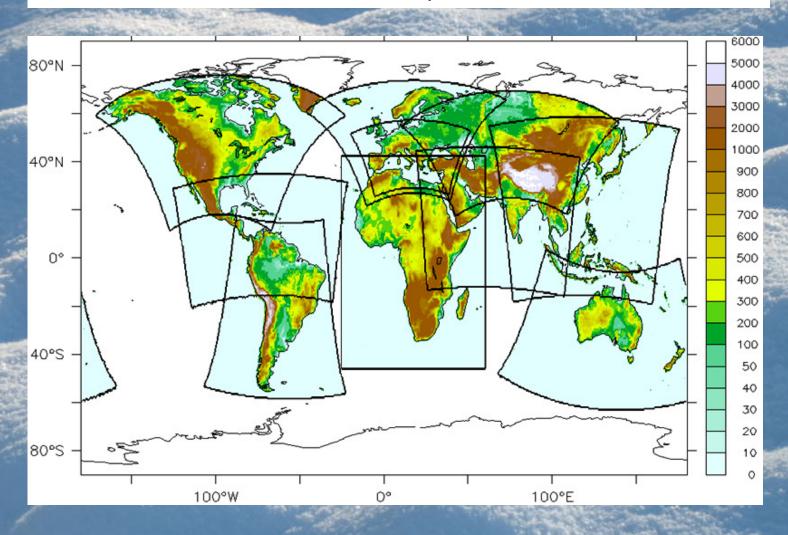
Table 2: The first step WP2B.1 GCM/RCM matrix and relationship with current proposals from WP3.3

GCM's	RCM's												
	METO- HC	MPIMET	CNRM	DMI	ETH	KNMI	ICTP	SMHI	UCLM	C4I	GKSS	MetNo	СНМІ
METO- HC	1950- 2100				1950- 2050			1950- 2050	1950- 2050				1950- 2050
MPIMET	1950- 2100	1950- 2100		1950- 2050*		1950- 2050	1950- 2050			1950- 2050			
FUB													
IPSL		1950- 2050									1950- 2050		
CNRM			1950- 2050	1950- 2050*									
NERSC								1950- 2050				1950- 2050	



^{*} One of the DMI runs will be extended to 2100

CORDEX DOMAINS (plus Arctic & Antarctica)



- ·12 domains with a resolution of 0.44° (approx. 50x50km²)
- ·Focus on Africa
- ·High resolution ~0.11°x0.11° for Europe (by some institutions)

Procedure for CORDEX South Asia Activity: Recommendations from WCRP and the CORDEX co-chairs.

- 1. Make ERA-interim driven runs and provide selected data to a regional evaluation team (May 2012)
- 2. Form a regional S. Asia CORDEX evaluation team, identify metrics and collect suitable observations (May 2012)
- Evaluation should consider means etc, but more importantly target aspects RCMs might provide as added-value and regionally relevant impact-adaptation variables/phenomena

N.B. For Points 1 and 2: it is important these activities be inclusive not exclusive, to engage RCM groups from Indian sub-continent region (in 1) and a number of potential evaluation groups (in 2).

ADB: This is an opportunity to fund practical climate change research as a regional collaboration venture.

3. Publish first evaluation findings (Sept 2012)

- 4. Identify and interact with regional IAV communities India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan, Burma, Maldives +++
 June 2012
- 5. Make GCM-driven historical runs and provide data in CORDEX format (Sept 2012)
- 6. Make GCM-driven projection runs and provide data in CORDEX format (Dec 2012)
- 7. Evaluation and documentation of historical and projection runs and publication of results (Oct 2012-Apr 2013)
- 8. Archive and distribute GCM-RCM projection data to regional IAV communities and work with them in application of data (March 2013......) + development & distribution of climate indices (March 2013......)
- 9. Iterations on science aspects/collaborations mid 2012...........
 e.g. Increased model resolution, more projections, improved models, coupled models, process evaluation etc

Groups that will contribute simulations:

IITM (India): LMDz**, RegCM*

IIT/Delhi (India) : RegCM4*

Hadley Centre (UK): PRECIS* and HadGEM3-RA*

MPI/CSC (Ger): REMO*

Frankfurt: COSMO-CLM* (Ger)

Bjerknes Centre (Nor): WRF* tropical Channel

Rossby Centre/SMHI (Swe): RCA4*

CAWCR (Aus): CCAM**

MRI (Japan): MRI GCM***

RCM, ** Variable resolution AGCM, ***AGCM

6 RCMS, 2 AGCM-var, 1 AGCM

To get the most out of a collaborative venture, requires some intelligent filling of a 3D multi: RCP, GCM, RCM matrix

GCM	RCP	Had RCM	PRECI S	RegCM	RCA	WRF	CLM	RE MO	LM DZ	MRI	CCA M	TOWNS TO
HadGEM	8.5/4.5/2.6											1 500
MPI-ESM	8.5/4.5/2.6											
EC-Earth	8.5/4.5/2.6											
ARPEGE	8.5/4.5											100
IPSL-CM	8.5/4.5											
NorESM	8.5/4.5											
MIROC	8.5/4.5											STATE OF
CCSM	8.5/4.5											
GFDL-ESM	8.5/4.5											1000
CSIRO	8.5/4.5											
CanESM	8.5/4.5											The second

Regional Collaboration is the key to success

Timeline

Commitments

Responsibilities

Evaluation metrics

Observations

Data distribution

Outreach and engagement